

# GUARD INSTRUCTED TO BE PREPARED FOR MOBILIZATION

Orders Officially Authorized By Army Headquarters Is  
Statement of Captain Witsell; Call May Come Any  
Hour Now; Everything In Readiness For  
Bringing Men Into Service

Official instructions were issued last night to the officers of the First Regiment, Hawaiian National Guard, to make preparations for mobilization of the guard forces, bringing them into federal service. Captain Witsell, U. S. A., instructor-inspector of the guard prefaced his remarks by the statement that everything he imparted on this subject was officially authorized by department headquarters of the United States army.

Wireless instructions were sent in the afternoon to Colonel Morehead, commanding the Second Regiment, at Hilo; Major Robinson commanding the battalion of that regiment on Maui, and Major Oliver, commanding the battalion on Kauai, to report immediately in Honolulu, to receive similar instructions for their units.

No date was announced when the mobilization orders are to be issued, but the officers were instructed immediately to set their military affairs in order in anticipation of an inspection of all papers, supplies and equipment of the guard by regular army officers and particularly to be in readiness for the mustering officer. It was announced that it might be only a matter of hours after the order is issued to report for duty, and that when once in uniform they were all to remain until the end of the war.

The study course of the officers of the guard is suspended meanwhile to give the officers ample time to have everything in ship-shape. The medical section of the guard was given instructions regarding physical examinations.

The information threw the officers into a state of excitement, for they have waited patiently for more than a year to hear the news that was given them last night, and many who have served in the guard for fifteen and twenty years, or even as far back as the revolution of '95, said:

"Well, it's a long, long way to Tipperary, but we're on our way at last!"

Authority was also given to Captain Marshal Webb, engineers, to enlist his company up to required strength immediately, and similar authority was given Captain Ramie to recruit up his company of the Signal Corps. Men in the draft lists are eligible for enlistment, but in each instance such recruits must be men who have engineering experience. They will commence a whirlwind campaign for recruits at once, for all new men must be brought into service before the mobilization order comes.

The mobilization preparations followed the receipt yesterday morning of a copy of a cablegram from Adjutant General McCain of the war department at Washington, which read as follows:

"Arrangements are being made to call out shortly national guard and drafted men Hawaiian Islands."

Copies of the message were also sent to the senate and house of representatives of the Hawaiian legislature, and read to the members.

No information has yet been received at Department Headquarters, according to Maj. Henry C. Merriam, chief of staff, concerning the proposed mobilization of the guard or calling draft registrants into service. At the same time, the department is prepared for instant concentration of all drafted men called to service as soon as instructions are received from Washington.

**Guardmen Get Ready**  
The news of General McCain's message spread rapidly among the national guardmen, and many are now engaged in placing their civilian affairs in order so that when they are called to service they will be ready to get into khaki and remain in it to the end of the war.

Captain Field, selective draft officer, said yesterday that he visited Kauai last week and found everything connected with the registration of civilians there is finished. Sheriff Rice is prepared to act as soon as a message is sent him, to gather in the draftees and forward them to Honolulu. Captain Field has completed a personal inspection of the records on Hawaii, Kauai and Oahu, and said yesterday that there will be no confusion whatever in getting each island's quota to gether.

At both national guard and draft headquarters the McCain message is interpreted to mean an early call, and that not many days distant, because of the use of the word "shortly", and particularly because of its place in the sentence.

**Many Uncertainties**

Just how many of the national guard will be called is problematical, but it is felt certain that the First Regiment will be called as a unit, and then with a new medical inspection of its members, which may reduce its numbers somewhat, it will be ordered into camp. Whether it will be sent to Camp or Old Schofield Barracks is not yet certain, but if the announced plans of the war department are carried out to send all trained troops to France this summer, the guard may be sent to Old Schofield, where there is already room for a large force.

The selective draft headquarters recently received a large amount of blank forms which were to be sent out by the local boards to each man called. In anticipation of the call these orders have been placed in envelopes.

Captain Field says there are 6200 "fighting men" in Class I A, on which a quota will be based. In order to equalize the quota these will be based on registration and not population. Thus, if the Local Board No. 1 (Honolulu) has 1800 "fighting men" in Class I A, and five thousand men are called to arms by the war department, its quota will be based on the two totals, which would probably result in at least 1200 men being called from that district, and so on through the islands until the five thousand are up.

## ALIEN ENEMY BILLS TABLED BY SENATE

Are Held To Be In Conflict With  
Federal Statutes and Presidential  
Proclamation

All bills of both houses relating to alien enemy, disloyalty and internment camp, were tabled in the senate yesterday following the receipt of a copy of the amendments to the espionage act, passed by congress May 16, which was tabled District Attorney Holter, yesterday by Attorney General Gregory.

Following the reading of the text of this new federal law, the senate unanimously voted to table House Bills 5, 6 and 11 and the new "Internment Camp Bill" introduced in the senate Friday by Senator Dusha and offered the following concurrent resolution which will be introduced in the house today:

**Concurrent Resolution**

Whereas, the action of Germany and pro-Germans in destroying or attempting to destroy German shipping in ports of the United States at the time of severance of diplomatic relations with that country, early in 1917, was wholly in accord with the ideals of that nation, and

Whereas, since said date great loss of life and immense and irreparable damage to property, particularly of property used and to be used in presenting the war against Germany, has been caused in the United States by German spies, traitors and others of like ilk, and a pernicious propaganda has been spread and is being spread by such scoundrels, and

Whereas, due to our isolated position, it is of vital importance to the safety of the United States and the Pacific that the danger of loss and damage to public property and lives in the Territory of Hawaii should be controlled and minimized, and it is well known that many alien enemies of the United States should be vigilantly guarded and controlled, either residing in the Territory or here temporarily, and efficient measures should be taken to guard such lives and property and to control such persons;

Now Therefore, Be it Resolved by the senate of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii, the house of representatives concurring, that the President of the United States through his executive order, should be specifically requested and urged to establish in the Territory of Hawaii under federal supervision an internment camp for the detention of alien enemies, who are dangerous to the safety of the United States of America.

Be it Further Resolved that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the President of the United States, the secretary of war, and the Delegate to congress from Hawaii.

**Bills Held Invalid**  
In making a report on the various alien enemy bills that have been introduced in the special session of the legislature, the judiciary committee of the senate yesterday stated that all of these bills now under consideration of the committee are in conflict with the laws of the United States and the presidential proclamation issued in pursuance of them.

The proclamation of the President, issued April 6, 1917, upon the declaration of war with Germany, provides that all alien enemies, so long as they shall conduct themselves in accordance with law, shall be undisturbed in the peaceful pursuit of their lives and occupations and be accorded the consideration due to all peaceful and law-abiding persons, except so far as restrictions may be necessary for their own protection and for the safety of the United States.

In regard to sedition laws, the judiciary committee believes that the proper place for them is in the presidential proclamation and not in an internment camp, and that the espionage act covers such cases.

**Is Federal Matter**  
In concluding its report, the judiciary committee says that the matter of dealing with alien enemies is a federal question and that Hawaii can best cooperate with the federal government by backing up the Administration in a vigorous prosecution of the war. Acts passed by the local legislature, contrary to the wishes of the Federal government, are not only invalid, but hinder the administration in policies which are best decided in Washington.

The committee does not feel it is proper, however, to suggest to the President the necessity of an internment camp here, under federal supervision, owing to the fact that Hawaii's position, due to its isolation is unique and it is only just that particularly vigorous steps along these lines should be taken.

**ALL GRADUATES OF  
TRAINING CAMP TO  
BE COMMISSIONED**  
The members of the Reserve Officers' Training Camp at Schofield Barracks, who went in on the assumption that not to exceed fifty percent of their number who qualified would be commissioned to officers' commissions at the conclusion of the training period, have been heartened by a new ruling issued by Secretary of War Baker that all students who successfully complete the course, will be eligible for a commission. The secretary removed the restriction allowing only fifty percent of the total number of candidates to qualify.

One hundred and ninety-one regular and national guardsmen became members of this camp on May 15.

**BREAD AND JELLY**

Thirty thousand cans of jam were sent overseas in one Y. M. C. A. ship when for American soldiers over there. There were 412,000 packages of biscuits also, a necessary adjunct.

## EDITOR MISSING; BROTHER ARRESTED

Bail For Brother of Publisher of  
"Ball" Fixed At Hundred  
Thousand Dollars

NEW YORK, May 27. (Associated Press)—John J. O'Leary, a brother of Jeremiah O'Leary who was the editor of "Ball" until that publication was suppressed by the government, was arrested last night and is held in default of \$100,000 bail. The prisoner is charged with complicity in the escape of his brother who has failed to appear for trial.

Jeremiah O'Leary was the publisher of "Ball" which first lost the mailing privileges and was then suppressed by the department of justice because of the treasonable tone of articles which it published and O'Leary was indicted by the federal grand jury under the Espionage Law. Following his indictment the former editor was held in \$25,000 bail which he furnished.

It was about the time that it became known that Sinn Fein or radical Irish in this country were connected with the pro-Irish Sinn Fein plots in Ireland that O'Leary disappeared. His case was then called and when he failed to respond his bond was ordered forfeited and a bench warrant for his apprehension was issued. It is surmised that he was connected with the Sinn Fein plottings.

## Pacheco Is Opposed To Purchase of Washington Place

Senator Doesn't Believe In Paying  
Real Money For It — Thinks  
Territory Can Get It Free  
Gratis For Nothing

Senator Shingle's bill authorizing the commissioner of public lands to acquire Washington Place as an exchange for public lands, is due for a hearing this morning when it comes up for third reading, according to Senator Pacheco, who denounced the measure in an address yesterday afternoon. The Oahu senator believes it would be a nice thing to have the late Queen's residence for a gubernatorial mansion, but doesn't believe in paying real money for it.

A conference was held yesterday morning with the ways and means committee of the senate, W. O. Smith, and Curtis P. Iaukea, trustees of the late Queen Liliuokalani, for the disposal of the property, she had often expressed the thought that she would like to see the historic place maintained in a manner befitting its position in this city and he thought that no better way of carrying out this desire of the late Queen could be evolved than the present one of turning Washington Place into a gubernatorial mansion. Mr. Smith said that the property was worth between \$40,000 and \$50,000, but that the trustees would consider disposing of it to the Territory for \$20,000.

According to the provisions in the will of the late Queen, the two minor children of the late John Dominis are given the use of the Washington Place during their lifetime. It is proposed, however, to make a cash settlement with these children, through their guardian E. C. Peters, and it is thought that \$10,000 will be the sum required. Provided that these arrangements can be made, it is believed that Washington Place can be acquired for \$20,000.

Senator Pacheco is opposed to this measure because he believes that the trustees of the Liliuokalani estate would let the Territory have the property "all free and for nothing," if they were sufficiently urged by the lawmakers in the upper house.

**What Pacheco Knows**  
"It is positively ridiculous," said Senator Pacheco yesterday afternoon, "to suppose that the late Queen could have intended that the property should be given to the Territory for nothing. There is a greater necessity for such residence here owing to the geographical position we are in and the number of prominent visitors that come to our shores from time to time. I am dead against paying any \$20,000 for this property and will make a loud and strenuous kick against this measure when it comes up for debate."

**KUHIO'S CASE POSTPONED**  
Pending negotiations that may terminate all litigation over the estate of the late Queen Liliuokalani, the case set for hearing in the circuit court before Judge C. W. Ashford yesterday, was again continued for two weeks. This is the suit in which Delegate J. K. Kihuna is seeking to set aside the Queen's will and break the Liliuokalani trust. Negotiations of the trustees of the Liliuokalani trust with the Delegate and the legislature through which the Territory may acquire Washington Place as an executive mansion, are being continued and bringing an end to the court hearing.

**ANOTHER ARMY FORMING**  
The Y. M. C. A. must send overseas one thousand men a month as war work secretaries to meet the demands of the situation over there.

## GERMANS RESUME GRAND OFFENSIVE AND SMASH HARD ALONG FRONT OF 40 MILES

(Concluded from Page 1)  
The German losses, stated the London reports, were very heavy along the Flemish front.

**FINAL RUSH FOR GERMANS**  
A late despatch from the British Army headquarters announced a belated success for the Germans at one place, where they had penetrated the French front south of Dickebusch for a depth of eight hundred yards and had entered the French lines at another nearby point for a small gain. The enemy was holding these positions last night and the battle for their possession was raging heavily.

"The situation seems satisfactory," was General Haig's closing comment for the day.

During Sunday night, preceding the attacks on the south and in Flanders, the Germans attempted three big surprise raids against the Belgians, east of Dixmude. All three attacks failed completely, the Belgians smashing the Huns back and punishing them severely.

**GERMAN AIRMEN BOLD**

It was determined early in the day that the main German drive had been resumed, this being deduced from the boldness of the German airmen, who came out in force and offered battle with the Entente flyers. During the past several days the German aviators have avoided all encounters and have permitted the Allies to exercise a monopoly on the air. There were many airfights yesterday, with the Entente victorious in eight of every ten encounters.

The British aviators, early yesterday, resumed their harassing of the Germans attempting to clear the Zebrugge channel. Yesterday they carried out a raid against this port, bombing the locks of the canal just above the harbor and doing apparent damage. Following up the canal, the aviators also raided Brugge, bombing the upper locks here and dropping three tons of explosives in all the canal and the German depots.

German airmen attempting to defend Bruges were badly worsted, the British shooting down six of their machines without losing one of their own. All the British raiders returned safely.

## RED CROSS DRIVE HAS GLORIOUS END

WASHINGTON, May 28. (Associated Press)—Totals of \$144,000,000 and these far from being complete, was the report issued by the Red Cross officials late last night as the result of the great, nation-wide campaign which was started a week ago last Saturday night and was continued until tonight.

There is every expectation that total figures will be close to and will probably exceed \$150,000,000 half as much again as was asked. From most sections of the country have come reports of the reaching or passing of the allotted quota.

The first war drive for the Red Cross resulted in donations of more than \$10,000,000 and the results of the present drive have left this far behind.

**NEW YORK JAPANESE  
PRAISED FOR WORK**

WASHINGTON, May 27. (Associated Press)—Red Cross subscription totals as announced this noon were \$112,697,301 but those totals are incomplete and the total may reach \$125,000,000 with the final effort when it comes to an end tonight.

Despatches from New York said that Japanese residents of the metropolis have collected at least \$20,000 in the Red Cross campaign. All of the large firms representing the Orient have contributed from \$1500 to \$2500 each.

Red Cross officials here said that the New York Japanese colony had done nobly and that more money from Japanese firms and individuals there should be raised in this campaign, though it was evident that all would be delighted to subscribe.

The insular and foreign divisions head the lists of subscriptions and have gone 210 percent on their allotted amount.

## GERMANY IS SHORT OF RAW MATERIALS

PARIS, May 27. (Associated Press)—Workmen arriving from Saxony said that Germany is having great difficulty obtaining raw materials for the manufacture of munitions. The German papers are daily publishing notices commiserating with munition makers, household goods of metal, dross, and other articles that can be utilized.

**WOOD MAY COMMAND  
WESTERN DEPARTMENT**

WASHINGTON, May 27. (Associated Press)—Major General Leonard Wood will not accompany to France the division with which he is connected, it is said here today. It is understood that he will soon be assigned to command the western department with headquarters at San Francisco.

General Wood recently passed the physical examination to be a candidate for the army commandant and he has been expected until now that he would go to France to command the Eighty-ninth Division.

## ROOSEVELT AND TAFT MEET AND HAVE CHAT

CHICAGO, May 27. (Associated Press)—For the first time since their memorable break in 1912, former President Roosevelt and former President Taft met and chatted together today. The closing of the two former friends and later bitter political enemies, the only two living Ex-Presidents, occurred in the lobby of a hotel here and came unexpectedly. They sat down together and chatted for half an hour as if nothing had occurred to disturb their one time friendships.

## BUBONIC PLAGUE CASE IS FOUND IN KOBE

TOKYO, May 26. (Special to Nippon Jiji)—Health authorities have discovered a case of bubonic plague in the city of Kobe and immediate steps have been taken to prevent the spread of the pestilence. Kobe is a port of call for both the T. K. K. liners and the Pacific Mail boats and the importance of fighting the disease is paramount.

## ENORMOUS QUANTITIES OF FOOD FOR BELGIUM

PARIS, May 17. (Associated Press)—In all 6,016,644,000 pounds of food stuffs have reached the Belgian civil population through the American relief effort in Belgium, from November 1, 1914, to October 31, 1917, it is announced. "It is due to the marvelous generosity of the United States of America that the Belgians have escaped destruction through famine," says the Information Belges, a publication edited at Havre under the auspices of the Belgian government. "They will never forget it," it adds.

When Herbert C. Hoover organized the Commission for Relief in Belgium in the fall of 1914 and purchased in London the few thousand sacks of flour and wheat that were sent to Belgium in the care of Hugh S. Gibson, the Secretary of the American Legation at Brussels who had gone to London for that purpose, none foresaw that the institution would grow to such proportions and would become the greatest work of the kind ever attempted.

The average distribution of food stuffs to the Belgian population during the three years referred to above was 5,180,031 pounds daily.

Importations into Belgium would have reached much greater figures had it not been for numerous sinkings by German U-boats of ships loaded with foodstuffs for the Belgians.

## HEALTH NURSES ARE NEEDED IN COUNTRY

WASHINGTON, May 17. (Associated Press)—We should have now in this country 30,000 public health nurses, said Miss Anne Goodrich, president of the American Nurses' Association, in an appeal today to the college women of the country to enter the nursing profession. Miss Goodrich asserted that the number of nurses required for work at the front, in hospitals in this country and for general public and private nursing, will increase steadily as the war goes on. She cited the course in nursing established by several colleges as offering an opportunity to educated women to perform patriotic and useful service for the Nation.

## HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, May 27, 1918.

STOCK

Merchandise

Alex. & Baldwin, Ltd. 270

Chas. Brewer & Co. 270

Wm. Plantation Co. 270

Haw. Sugar Co. 270

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